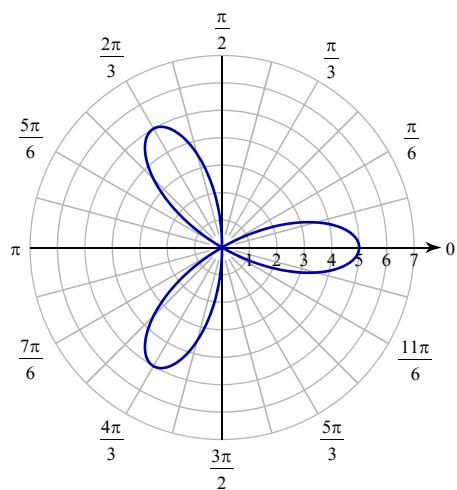


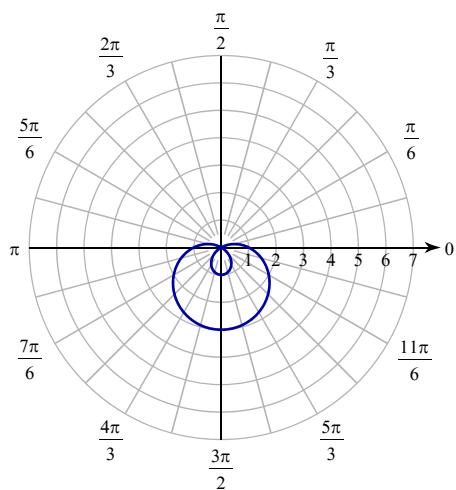
Graphs of Polar Equations

Consider each polar graph. Classify the curve; and determine if the graph is symmetric with respect to the origin, polar axis, and line $\theta=\pi/2$.

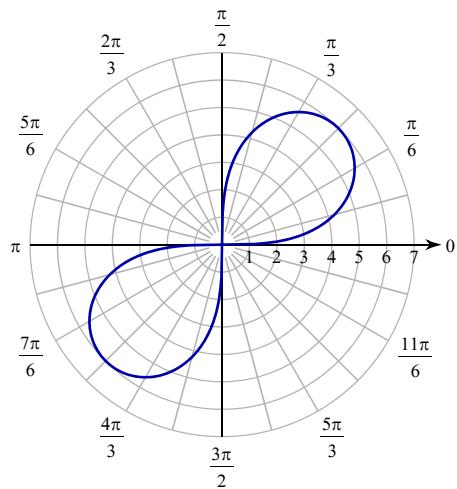
1)



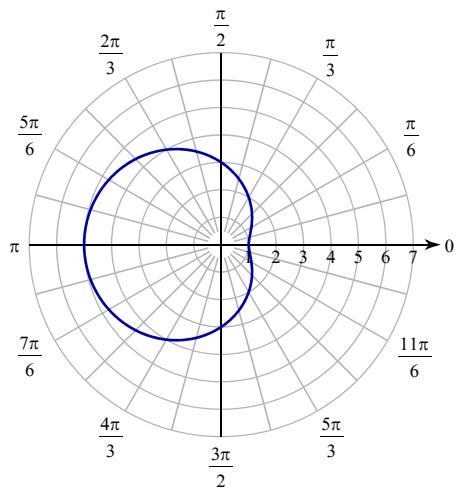
2)



3)

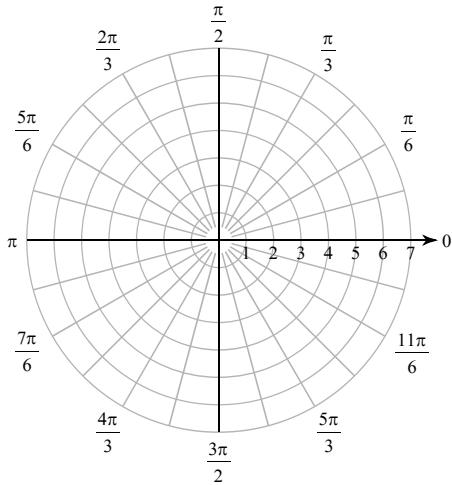


4)

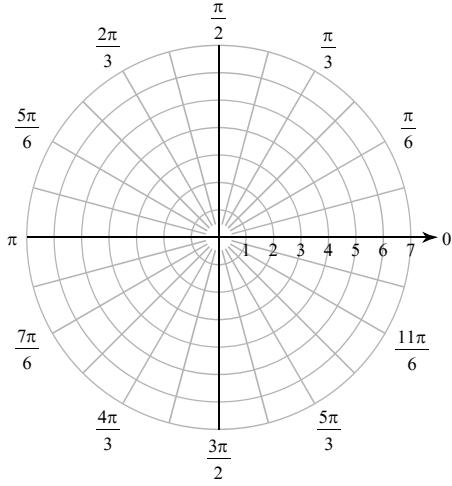


Consider each polar equation over the given interval. Classify the curve; determine if the graph is symmetric with respect to the origin, polar axis, and line $\theta=\pi/2$; find the values of θ where r is zero; find the maximum $|r|$ value and the values of θ where this occurs; and sketch the graph.

5) $r = 6\sin(3\theta)$, $0 \leq \theta < \pi$



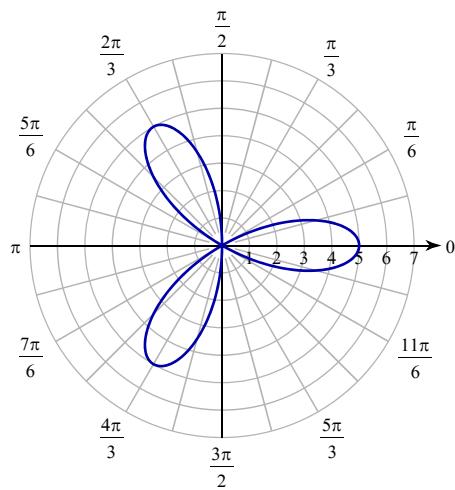
6) $r^2 = 36\cos(2\theta)$, $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$



Graphs of Polar Equations

Consider each polar graph. Classify the curve; and determine if the graph is symmetric with respect to the origin, polar axis, and line $\theta=\pi/2$.

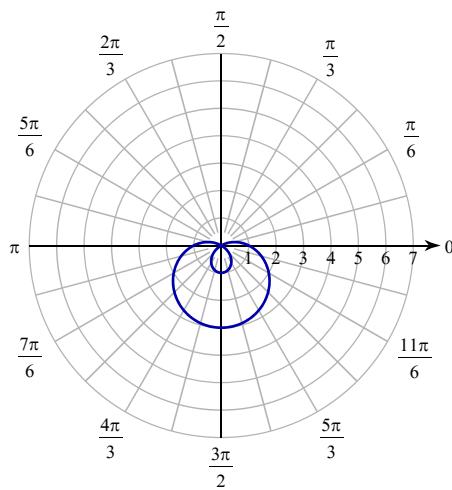
1)



Rose

Symmetric about the polar axis

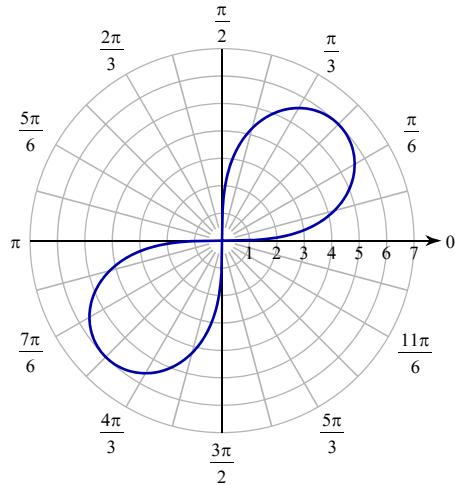
2)



Looped limaçon

Symmetric about the line $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$

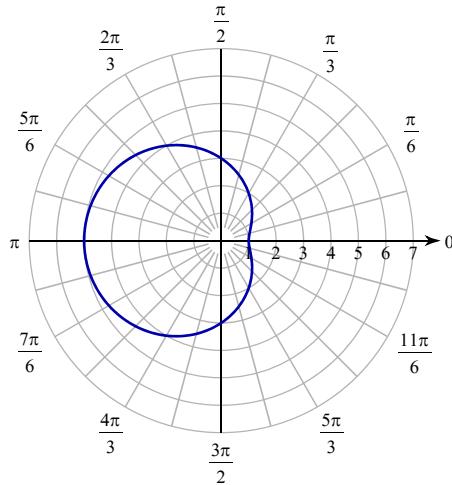
3)



Lemniscate

Symmetric about the origin

4)

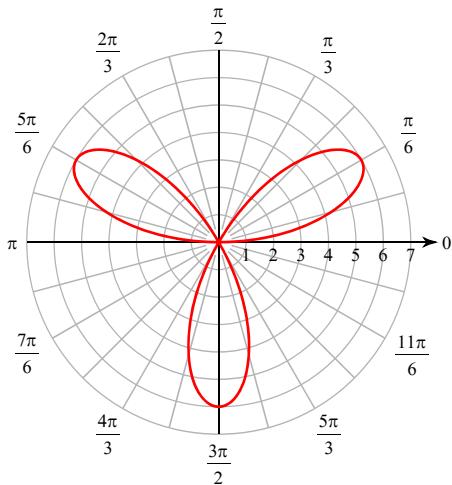


Dimpled limaçon

Symmetric about the polar axis

Consider each polar equation over the given interval. Classify the curve; determine if the graph is symmetric with respect to the origin, polar axis, and line $\theta=\pi/2$; find the values of θ where r is zero; find the maximum $|r|$ value and the values of θ where this occurs; and sketch the graph.

5) $r = 6\sin(3\theta)$, $0 \leq \theta < \pi$



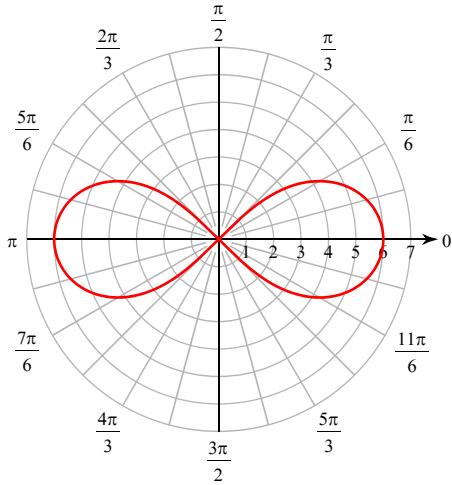
Rose

Symmetric about the line $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$

$$r = 0 \text{ when } \theta = \left\{0, \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}\right\}$$

$$|r| = 6 \text{ when } \theta = \left\{\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{6}\right\}$$

6) $r^2 = 36\cos(2\theta)$, $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$



Lemniscate

Symmetric about the origin,

polar axis, and line $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$

$$r = 0 \text{ when } \theta = \left\{\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}\right\}$$

$$|r| = 6 \text{ when } \theta = \{0, \pi\}$$